SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Gumout® Super Penetrating Oil

Other means of identification

Synonyms 29219

Recommended use Not available.

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Supplier

Company name ITW Permatex Canada

Address 35 Brownridge Road, Unit 1
Halton Hills, ON L7G 0C6

Canada

Telephone1-905-693-8900e-mailNot available.Emergency phone number1-877-504-9352

2. Hazard identification

Physical hazardsFlammable aerosolsCategory 1

Gases under pressure Liquefied gas Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity following single Category 3 narcotic effects

exposure

See above.

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Health hazards



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Avoid breathing mist or vapour.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves.

Response IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Specific treatment (see information on

this label).

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other hazards None known.

Supplemental information None.

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3. Composition/information on ingredients

Wixtures			
Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic		64742-96-7	56.07
Solvent naptha (petroleum), light aliphatic		64742-89-8	28.04
Propane		74-98-6	9.35
Butane		106-97-8	6.54

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. F	irst-a	ıd ı	mea	asui	res

IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON Inhalation

CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.

Skin contact IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take

off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Specific treatment (see information on this

Eye contact Flush with cool water. Remove contact lenses, if applicable, and continue flushing. Obtain

medical attention if irritation persists.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce Ingestion

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

Mixturoo

delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Symptoms may be delayed.

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Keep out of reach of children.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous combustion

products

Special protective equipment

and precautions for firefighters Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

Specific methods

General fire hazards

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Contents under pressure. Pressurised container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

May include and are not limited to: Oxides of carbon.

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapour pressure build up.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurised container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Avoid breathing mist or vapour. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Pressurised container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

Avoid breathing mist or vapour. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Avoid prolonged exposure.

Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Wash thoroughly after handling. When using do not eat or drink.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C .

Store in a well-ventilated place.

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

Keep out of reach of children.

Store locked up.

8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS 64742-96-7)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Туре	Value	Form	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1000 ppm		
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1000 ppm		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS 64742-96-7)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Vapour.	

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	600 ppm	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1000 ppm	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS 64742-96-7)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Туре	Value	Form	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm		
Solvent naphtha	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.	
(petroleum), heavy aliphatic				
(CAS 64742-96-7)				

Value

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Туре	Value
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	800 ppm
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1000 ppm

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labour - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3
		800 ppm
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3
		1000 ppm

Type

Biological limit values

Components

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

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Exposure guidelines

Canada - Alberta OELs: Skin designation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS Can be absorbed through the skin.

64742-96-7)

Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS Can be absorbed through the skin.

64742-96-7)

Canada - Manitoba OELs: Skin designation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS Can be absorbed through the skin.

64742-96-7)

Canada - Ontario OELs: Skin designation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS Can be absorbed through the skin.

64742-96-7)

Canada - Saskatchewan OELs: Skin designation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS Can be absorbed through the skin.

64742-96-7)

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS Can be absorbed through the skin.

64742-96-7)

Appropriate engineering

controls

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Natural or butyl rubber, nitrile or neoprene gloves. Confirm with a reputable supplier first. **Hand protection**

Other As required by employer code.

Where exposure guideline levels may be exceeded, use an approved NIOSH respirator. Respiratory protection

Respirator should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134),

CAN/CSA-Z94.4 and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2).

Thermal hazards Not applicable.

General hygiene considerations

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Aerosol **Appearance** Liquid. Physical state

Form Liquefied gas.

Black Colour Solvent Odour **Odour threshold** Not available. рΗ Not available. Not available. Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Flash point

> 38 °C (> 100.4 °F)

> 1 **Evaporation rate**

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)

Not available.

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not available.

Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - upper

Not available.

(%) Vapour pressure

Not available.

Vapour density > 1

0.835 - 0.845 Relative density

Solubility(ies)

Not available. Solubility (Water) Not available. Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** Not available. Not available. **Viscosity**

Other information

Explosive properties Not explosive. Oxidising properties Not oxidising VOC (Weight %) 24.89 %

10. Stability and reactivity

May react with incompatible materials. Reactivity Material is stable under normal conditions. **Chemical stability** Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid

Heat. Do not mix with other chemicals.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

May include and are not limited to: Oxides of carbon.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious

chemical pneumonia. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and

Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting

Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. toxicological characteristics

Information on toxicological effects

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. Acute toxicity

Components **Test results Species**

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Not available

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 539600 ppm, 120 Minutes, ECHA

520400 ppm, 120 Minutes, ECHA

1237 mg/L, 120 Minutes 680 mg/L, 2 Hours, HSDB 57 %, 120 Minutes, ECHA

52 %, 120 Minutes

Rat > 800000 ppm, 10 Minutes, ECHA

> 1442738 mg/m3, 10 Minutes, ECHA 1354944 mg/m3, 10 Minutes, ECHA 570000 ppm, 10 Minutes, ECHA 276000 ppm, 4 Hours, CCOHS 1443 mg/L, 10 Minutes, ECHA

1355 mg/L, 10 Minutes

Components **Species Test results** Oral LD50 Not available Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Acute Dermal LD50 Not available Inhalation LC50 Mouse 539600 ppm, 120 Minutes, ECHA 520400 ppm, 120 Minutes, ECHA 1237 mg/L, 120 Minutes 57 %, 120 Minutes, ECHA 52 %, 120 Minutes Rat > 12000000 ppm, 4 hours > 800000 ppm, 10 Minutes, ECHA > 1464 mg/L, 15 Minutes, HSDB 1442738 mg/m3, 10 Minutes, ECHA 1354944 mg/m3, 10 Minutes, ECHA 570000 ppm, 10 Minutes, ECHA 1355 mg/L, 10 Minutes Oral LD50 Not available Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS 64742-96-7) Acute Dermal Rabbit LD50 > 3000 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 Rat > 6 mg/l/4h Oral LD50 Rat 2500 mg/kg Solvent naptha (petroleum), light aliphatic (CAS 64742-89-8) **Acute** Dermal LD50 Rabbit 3000 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 Rat 1400 mg/l/4h Oral LD50 Rat 5000 mg/kg Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation. Not available. **Exposure minutes** Not available. Erythema value Not available. Oedema value Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Serious eye damage/eye irritation Corneal opacity value Not available. Iris lesion value Not available. Not available. Conjunctival reddening value Not available. Conjunctival oedema value Recover days Not available. Respiratory or skin sensitisation Respiratory sensitisation Not a respiratory sensitizer. Skin sensitisation This product is not expected to cause skin sensitisation.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Contains < 3% (w/w) DMSO-extract

ACGIH Carcinogens

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS

64742-96-7)

A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to

humans.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

KEROSENE (NON-AEROSOL), AS TOTAL HYDROCARBON VAPOR (CAS 64742-96-7)

Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Further information Not available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity See below

Ecotoxicological data

Components Species Test results

Solvent naptha (petroleum), light aliphatic (CAS 64742-89-8)

Algae IC50 Algae 4700 mg/L, 72 Hours

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Mobility in soilNo data available.Mobility in generalNot available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents

under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance

with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must

be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

General Canada: TDG Proof of Classification: In accordance with Part 2.2.1 (SOR/2014-152) of the

Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations, we certify that the classification of this product is correct as of the SDS date of issue. If applicable, the technical name and the classification of

the product will appear below.

Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG - Canada)

Basic shipping requirements:

UN number UN1950

Proper shipping name AEROSOLS, flammable

Hazard class 2.1 Special provisions 80, 107

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15. Regulatory information

Canadian federal regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Canada DSL Challenge Substances: Listed substance

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Listed

Canada NPRI VOCs with Additional Reporting Requirements: Mass reporting threshold/Identification Number

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) 1 TONNES
Propane (CAS 74-98-6) 1 TONNES
Solvent naptha (petroleum), light aliphatic (CAS 1 TONNES

64742-89-8)

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

WHMIS status Controlled

International regulations

Inventory status

Country(s) or regionInventory NameOn Inventory (Yes/No)*CanadaDomestic Substances List (DSL)YesCanadaNon-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)No

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information

LEGEND	
Severe	4
Serious	3
Moderate	2
Slight	1
Minimal	0

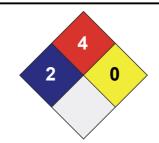
HEALTH / 2

FLAMMABILITY 4

PHYSICAL HAZARD 0

PERSONAL X

PROTECTION X



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Version No. 01

Other information For an updated SDS, please contact the supplier/manufacturer listed on the first page of the

document.

Disclaimer Information contained herein was obtained from sources considered technically accurate and

reliable. While every effort has been made to ensure full disclosure of product hazards, in some cases data is not available and is so stated. Since conditions of actual product use are beyond control of the supplier, it is assumed that users of this material have been fully trained according to the requirements of all applicable legislation and regulatory instruments. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made and supplier will not be liable for any losses, injuries or consequential damages which may result from the use of or reliance on any information contained in this document.

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